System Programming for Linux Containers

Course code: M7D-SPLC02

This course provides a deep understanding of the Linux technologies (namely, set-UID/set-GID programs, capabilities, namespaces, cgroups, and seccomp) used to implement container, virtualization, and sandboxing systems. (These are the technologies used to build systems such as Docker, LXC, Firejail, and Flatpak.) The course also provides an understanding of the core APIs used to build systemlevel applications that run on such systems. Detailed explanations and carefully designed practical exercises provide participants with the knowledge needed both to troubleshoot container and sandboxing systems and to write complex applications that run on those systems.

Audience and prerequisites

The audience for this course includes designers, developers, and DevOps who are building, troubleshooting, and administering container and sandboxing systems, as well as designers and developers who are implementing applications to run on such systems.

Participants should have a good reading knowledge of the C programming language and some programming experience in a language suitable for completing the course exercises (e.g., C, C++, Go, Rust). (Note, however, that, except on the first day of the course, most of the course exercises do not require writing programs.)

Previous system programming experience is *not* required.

Related courses

This course is equivalent to the combination of the following two courses:

- Linux/UNIX System Programming Essentials, M7D-SPESS01
- Linux Security and Isolation APIs, M7D-SECISOL02

Course duration and format

Five days, with up to 40% devoted to practical sessions.

Course materials

- Course books (written by the trainer) that include all slides and exercises presented in the course
- An electronic copy of the trainer's book, *The Linux Pro*gramming Interface
- Numerous example programs written by the course trainer

Course inquiries and bookings

For inquiries about courses and consulting, you can contact us in the following ways:

- Email: training@man7.org
- Phone: +49 (89) 2488 6180 (German landline)

Prices, dates, and further details

For course prices, upcoming course dates, and further information about the course, please visit the course web page, http://man7.org/training/splc/.

About the trainer

♥ training@man7.org

Michael Kerrisk has a unique set of qualifications and experience that ensure that course participants receive training of a very high standard:

- He has been programming on UNIX systems since 1987 and began teaching UNIX system programming courses in 1989.
- He is the author of *The Linux Programming Interface*, a 1550-page book acclaimed as the definitive work on Linux system programming.
- He has been actively involved in Linux development, working with kernel developers on testing, review, and design of new Linux kernel-user-space APIs.
- Since 2000, he has been the involved in the Linux *man-pages* project, which provides the manual pages documenting Linux system calls and C library APIs, and was the project maintainer from 2004 to 2021.





System Programming for Linux Containers: course contents in detail

Topics marked with an asterisk (*) are optional, and will be covered as time permits

• Capabilities and UID transitions

• Making a capabilities-only

environment: securebits (*)

13. Programming with capabilities (*)

Programming with capabilities

Capabilities, UID 0, and execve()

12. Capabilities and UID 0

- 1. Course Introduction
- 2. Fundamental Concepts
 - Error handling
 - System data types
 - Notes on code examples
- 3. File I/O
 - File I/O overview
 - open(), read(), write(), and close()

4. Processes

- Process IDs
- Process memory layout
- Command-line arguments
- The environment list
- The /proc filesystem

5. Signals

- Overview of signals
- Signal dispositions
- Useful signal-related functions
- Signal handlers
- Designing signal handlers

6. Process Lifecycle

- Creating a new process: *fork()*
- Process termination
- Monitoring child processes
- Orphans and zombies
- The SIGCHLD signal
- Executing programs: execve()

7. System Call Tracing with strace (*)

- Getting started
- Tracing child processes
- Filtering *strace* output

8. Security and Isolation APIs Overview (*)

- Sandboxing
- Containers

9. Classical Privileged Programs

- A simple set-user-ID program
- Saved set-user-ID and and saved set-group-ID
- Changing process credentials
- A few guidelines for writing privileged programs

10. Capabilities

- Process and file capabilities
- Permitted and effective capabilities
- Setting and viewing file capabilities
- Capabilities-dumb and
- capabilities-aware applications
- Text-form capabilities

11. Capabilities and execve()

- Capabilities and execve()
- The capability bounding set
- Inheritable capabilities
- Summary of process capability sets (so far)
- Ambient capabilities
- An alternative summary of process capability sets
- Summary remarks

http://man7.org/training/

An example: UTS namespaces

14. Namespaces

- Namespaces commands
- Namespaces demonstration (UTS
- namespaces)
- Namespace types and APIsNamespaces, containers, and
- virtualization
- 15. Mount Namespaces and Shared Subtrees
 - Mount namespaces
 - Shared subtrees
 - Bind mounts

16. PID Namespaces

• PID namespaces

17. Other Namespaces

- IPC namespaces
- Time namespaces
- Cgroup namespacesNetwork namespaces

18. Namespaces APIs

- API Overview
- Creating a child process in new namespaces: *clone()*
- /proc/PID/ns
- Entering a namespace: *setns()*
- Creating a namespace: *unshare()*
- PID namespaces idiosyncrasies
- Namespace lifetime (*)

19. User Namespaces

- Overview of user namespaces
- Creating and joining a user
 - namespace
- User namespaces: UID and GID mappings
- Accessing files (and other objects with UIDs/GIDs)
- Security issues
- Combining user namespaces with other namespaces
- Use cases
- 20. User namespaces, *execve()*, and user ID 0
 - User namespaces, *execve()*, and user ID 0

21. User Namespaces and Capabilities

- User namespaces and capabilities
- What does it mean to be superuser in a namespace?
- Discovering namespace relationships
- File-related capabilities (*)

- 22. User Namespaces and Privileged Programs (*)
 - User namespace "set-UID-root" programs
 - Namespaced file capabilities

• Peer groups

24. Seccomp

Private mounts

Slave mounts

instructions

other tools)

Caveats

a program

Unbindable mounts

23. Mount Namespaces: Further Details (*)

• Mounting a container filesystem

• The BPF virtual machine and BPF

Productivity aids (libseccomp and

• Applications and further information

• Discovering the system calls made by

Further details on seccomp filters

• Further details on BPF programs

• An example: the pids controller

Creating and destroying cgroups

• Enabling and disabling controllers

27. Cgroups: A Survey of the Controllers

• The cpu, memory, freezer, and pids

• Release notification (cgroup.events

• Creating and using a threaded subtree

• Seccomp filtering and BPF

BPF filter return values

• Installing a BPF program

Checking the architecture

• BPF program examples

25. Seccomp: Further Details (*)

• Extended BPF (eBPF)

Other filter return actions

• Audit logging of filter actions

• Recent seccomp features

• What are control groups?

• Populating a cgroup

controllers

file)

Delegation

Other controllers

28. Cgroups: Advanced Features

• Cgroup namespaces

29. Cgroups: Thread Mode (*)

30. Cgroups Version 1 (*)

controllers

for v2

• Overview of thread mode

• Cgroups v1: hierarchies and

• Cgroups v1: delegation

• Cgroups v1: populating a cgroup

Problems with cgroups v1; rationale

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• Cgroups v1: release notification

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26. Cgroups: Introduction

• Preamble